The Jewish Cemetery of Dubăsari (Dubossary), Old Section

before 1917, Dubossary was part of Kherson Gubernia, Russian Empire.
Now it is part of Pridnestrovskaya Moldavskaya Republic, also known as Transnistria Republic

ЕВРЕЙСКОЕ КЛАДБИЩЕ, Старая часть
Дубоссары, Молдавия

Final report, Yefim Kogan, September 30, 2016

For the history of Jews in Dubossary, and genealogy, please go to KehilaLinks website http://kehilalinks.jewishgen.org/dubasari/.

The project was started by JewishGen, Bessarabia SIG in February of 2014. All the photographs were done by Ozias Ukshteyn, who is a resident of Dubossary and the head of the Jewish community in that town. See article “Holocaust Memorial to Victims of fascism”, written by Ozias at http://www.jewishgen.org/Bessarabia/files/holocaust/DubossaryHolocaustMemorial.pdf

Address: 25 Lomonosova Street, Dubossary, located in center of the town.
Dubossary had a Jewish population of 5,219 in 1897, and 3,630 in 1926.

Town is located 24 miles North East from Chisinau, and 18 miles East of Orhei.
The Jewish Cemetery of Dubossary consists of two major sections: Old section, where the burials are dates up to 1930s and a New section, where most of the burials are from after the war; from the end of 1940s up to the current time.

View at the Old Section of the Dubossary Jewish Cemetery. The indexing and photographing of this Section will be done in 2014-2015.

All the photos in this article are taken by Ozias Ukshteyn, Dubossary.

The New Section of Dubossary was already indexed and photographed. You can access the Dubossary Cemetery New Section report at http://www.jewishgen.org/Bessarabia/files/cemetery/Dubossary/DubossaryCemeteryNewReport.pdf

From “Jewish Heritage Sites and Monuments in Moldova”

According to the report “Jewish Heritage Sites and Monuments in Moldova”, created by United States Commission for the Preservation of America’s Heritage Abroad, 2010, The cemetery is over 30,000 square meters in size and it is surrounded by a fence with a gate. It contains more than 500 stones, many of them finely carved. There is also a monument to the famous Hasidic rabbi Mendel Mabar, and a memorial plaque for the old Jewish cemetery of Dubăsari. Although most of the older stones are toppled, the cemetery has a regular caretaker and its overall condition can be described as fair. Since 1993, restoration work has been done every year. At the time of the survey, funds are needed to finish a restoration project by local architect Semion Shoihat, which was to include a monument to the old Jewish cemetery in Dubăsari.
Old Section

Number of burials for which we could read the inscriptions: 149, that number of records were submitted to JewishGen. There are also 46 burial sites in that section with unknown graves. They are available at the Bessarabia SIG / Cemetery section or directly at Unknown Dubossary Old Section graves.

Photographs: 149 and 46 are at the Unknown section.

Language of the inscriptions: mostly Hebrew, but there are several in Hebrew and Russian.

Dates: Burials in this section are from end of 18th century to 1920s

One of the Unknown graves

Most of the stones had a sequential number engraved on them. Here we see “1789”.
Two of the oldest graves at the Dubossary cemetery, old section:

Yehuda Lieb ben Avraham
8 Adar 5587 (4-Mar-1827)

Batya Feiga bat Aharon Yechiel
3 Heshvan 5591 (20-Oct-1830)

(the seq. number is 387)
HOROVITZ.
David Zalmen ben Moshe haLevi,

18 Tamuz 5641
Moshe ben Tuviya

3 Kislev 5618
Sara bat Shmuel haLevi

1st intermediate day of Pesach 56??

*If how to translate a date or name was uncertain, you find “??”.*